Advisory Commission on Childhood Vaccines (ACCV)

Food and Drug Administration Update

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CDR Valerie Marshall, MPH
Immediate Office of the Director
Office of Vaccines Research and Review (OVRR)
Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER)
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Outline

- Vaccine Supplement Approvals
- Noteworthy FDA Publications

Vaccine Supplement Approvals

Daptacel [Diphtheria & Tetanus Toxoids & Acellular Pertussis Vaccine Adsorbed]

 In September 2016, the FDA approved a supplement to the biologics license application (BLA) for Daptacel to include immunogenicity and safety data to support the coadministration of Meningococcal (Groups A, C, Y and W-135) Polysaccharide Diphtheria Toxoid Conjugate Vaccine (Menactra) with a fifth dose of Daptacel in children 4 through 6 years of age.

Q-Pan [Influenza A (H5N1) Virus Monovalent Vaccine, Adjuvanted]

- In September 2016, FDA approved a supplement to the biologics license application (BLA) for Q-Pan to extend the age range of the vaccine to include persons 6 months through 17 years of age at increased risk of exposure to the influenza A virus H5N1 subtype contained in the vaccine.
- The vaccine was previously approved for use in persons <u>18 years of age and older</u>

Noteworthy FDA Publications

FDA Publication

 Human antibody repertoire following VSV-Ebola vaccination identifies novel targets and virus neutralizing IgM antibodies.

Surender Khurana, Sandra Fuentes, Elizabeth M. et al. Nature Medicine; Published October 2016

- Scientists at the FDA have demonstrated novel immune system targets on Ebola virus and identified the major type of vaccine-triggered antibodies that neutralize the virus.
- The findings also demonstrate that selection of the appropriate assay may be important for evaluating effective vaccines against the Ebola virus.

FDA Publication

 Zika (PRVABC59) Infection Is Associated with T cell Infiltration and Neurodegeneration in CNS of Immunocompetent Neonatal C57BI/6 Mice.

Mohanraj Manangeeswaran, Derek D. C. Ireland, Daniela Verthelyi; *PLoS Pathogens.* Published November 2016

- A new mouse model developed by scientists at the U.S.
 Food and Drug Administration may help in exploring the potential activity of Zika virus vaccines and therapeutics.
- The publication describes the a neonatal mouse model that provides a platform for potentially improving and expediting studies to understand the causes and effects (pathology) of the Zika virus.